# 1. SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

SURABAYA STATE UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL CURRICULUM AND TECHNOLOGY EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY S1 STUDY PROGRAM UNESA Universitas Negeri Surabaya											
SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN											
COURSES (MK)  CODE  MK family  WEIGHT   SEMESTER (credits)											
Learning Commun	nication	-	Learning Design	T=2	P 1 = 2	March 18, 2022					
AUTHORIZATIO	N	RPS Developer	R	MK Coordinator	Head of Study Progr	ram					
		- Dr. Andi Kristanto									
	<b>CPL-PRODI</b> char	ged to MK									
Learning	CPL-Attitude	Mastering concepts, structures and materials in educational technology science as a Learning Technology Developer, Education and Training Analyst, and Multimedia/Animation/Broadcast Teacher									
Outcomes(CP)	CPL- Knowledge		ed on the case study metho			Education technology,					
	CPL-Special Competencies	Able to utilize techn	ology and information in ligital technology and loca		field of educational tec	hnology and inclusive					
	CPL-General		a scientific, critical and in		ntific and responsible l	earning of educational					
	Competencies	technology			•						
	Course Learning (	Outcomes (CPMK)									
	CPMK-Attitude		inderstand concepts, struct developer of Learning Tec		•	ence related to learning					

	Students are able to analyze a problem based on the case study method or team based project related to learning
	communication in the field of educational technology, by prioritizing digital literacy.
-	Students are able to apply technology and information in solving problems in the field of educational technology
	related to learning communication and digital-based inclusive education and local wisdom.
CPMK-General	Students have a sense of responsibility and a scientific, critical and innovative attitude in studying the science of
Competencies	learning communication as a professional developer of Educational Technology and Educational/Training Analysts.
The final ability of e	each learning stage (Sub-CPMK)
Sub-CPMK1	Understanding the Role of Communication in Life and Education
Sub-CPMK2	Understanding the Nature and Definition of Communication
Sub-CPMK3	Communication Principles
Sub-CPMK4	Communication Components and Model
Sub-CPMK5	Communication Core Perception
Sub-CPMK6	Verbal Communication
Sub-CPMK7	Non-verbal Communication
Sub-CPMK8	Listening
Sub-CPMK9	Communicator (Communication Source)
Sub-CPMK10	Communication Barriers and Evasions
Sub-CPMK11	Adapting to Audiences Verbally and Visually
Sub-CPMK12	Rhetoric
Sub-CPMK13	Communication Context
Sub-CPMK14	New Communication Technology Development
Sub-CPMK15	New Communication Technology Development
Sub-CPMK16	Final exams
<b>Correlation between</b>	

### Correlation between CPL/CPMR and Sub-CPMR

	Sub	Sub-														
	CP	CPM	СРМ	CPM	СРМ	CPM	СРМ	CPM	CPM							
	MK	К2	К3	К4	К5	К6	К7	К8	К9	K10	K11	K12	K13	K14	K15	K16
	1															
CPMK-Attitude																

	СРМ	K-Knowledge	√ v	√	√												
	СРМ	K-Special													V	√	
	Com	petencies															
	СРМ	K-General					$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			$\checkmark$						$\sqrt{}$
	Com	petencies															
DescriptionShort		ourse discusses															
MK		mmunication pr															
	+	ng. Lectures are	carried ou	t by mean	s of bler	nded lear	ning. As	sessme	nt is d	lone by	way of	questio	ns and	answers	s in writ	ing.	
<b>Study Materials:</b>	Meeti	0															
<b>Learning Materials</b>	1.	Some Misund	_		ınicatio	n											
	2.	The important		unication													
		a. personal life															
		b. Relationship															
		<ul><li>c. professiona</li><li>d. cultural life</li></ul>															
	2			tion in Ed	, antiona	1 Taahn	alogy.										
		The Role of C	Ommunica	uon in <b>E</b> a	ıcationa	n recini	ology										
	Meeti	Communication	on hatsvaan	humane													
		Communication															
	2.	a. Communication															
		b. Communica		•	tion												
		c. Communica															
	Meeti																
		Communication	on as a sym	bolic prod	ess												
	2.	Communication															
	3.	Communication	on is transa	ctional													
	4.	Communication	on is syster	nic													
	5.	5. Communication is continuous															
	6.	Communication															
	7.	Communication			nsions o	f conten	and rela	tionshi	ps								
	8.	Communication	on is irreve	rsible													

### **Meeting 4:**

- 1. Communication Component
- 2. Communication Model
- 3. Model S 13 R
- 4. Aristotle's Model
- 5. Lasswell models
- 6. Shannon and Weaver models
- 7. Schramm models
- 8. Berlo models

### **Meeting 5:**

- 1. Perception Process
- 2. Factors influencing perception
- 3. Error or failure of perception

### **Meeting 6:**

- 1. Language and Meaning
- 2. The principle of using symbols
- 3. Guidelines for effective verbal communication

### **Meeting 7:**

- 1. Principles of non-verbal communication
- 2. Types of non-verbal communication

## **Meeting 8:**

- 1. Explain the stages of the listening process
- 2. Explain barriers to effective listening
- 3. Mention ineffective forms of listening

### **Meeting 9:**

- 1. Credibility
- 2. Attractiveness
- 3. Power

### Meeting 10:

- 1. Communication barriers
  - a. Disturbance
  - b. Interest
  - c. Hidden motivation

d. Prejudice 2. Communication Evasion a. Misleading understanding b. Defect message c. Changing the frame of reference **Meeting 11:** 1. Managing audience interest 2. Adjusting to the degree of understanding of the audience 3. Visual adjustment to audience **Meeting 12:** 1. Public speaking 2. Planning public speaking 3. Challenges in public speaking **Meeting 13:** 1. Intrapersonal 2. Interpersonal 3. Groups and Organizations 4. Public 5. Mass communication Meeting 14: 1. New Technological Developments in communication 2. Communication technology convergence and its implications Meeting 15: 1. New Technological Developments in communication 2. Communication technology convergence and its implications Meeting 16: 1. Written UAS Question References Main: Arianto, Fajar, et al. 2020. Learning Communication Handout. Surabaya: Education Technology FIP Unesa 2. cangara. 2011. Introduction to Communication Science. Press Eagle **Supporter:** 3. Mulyana, Deddy. 2010. Communication Science: An Introduction. Bandung: Rosadakarya Teenagers 4. Suranto, AW. 2010. Interpersonal Communication. Yogyakarta: Graha Ilmu

			5. Widjaja. HAW 2010. Intr 6. Yusuf, Pawit M. 2010. In	•				Rineka Cipta e. Jakarta: PT Bumi Aksara	
Suppo	rting lecturer								
Subje	ctcondition	-							
Mg to-		ity of each learning stage	Evaluation	Learning Student A	g Forms, methods, ssignment, ted time]		Rating Weight		
(1) 1. U	(Sub-CPMK)				Offline Learning	Online Learning (online)		[ References ]	(%)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		<b>(7</b> )	(8)
	Understanding Communication Education	on in Life and	<ol> <li>Able to express misunderstanding about communication</li> <li>Be able to mention and give examples of the importance of communication</li> <li>Able to explain the role of communication in Educational Technology</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Lectures, Discussio ns, Question s and Answers 2 x 50	Lectures, Discussio ns, Questions and Answers 2 x 50	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	1998. Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens	2%
2.		g the Nature and Communication	Able to distinguish the definition of communication based on the conceptualization of communication	Oral test of the material that has been	Lectures, Discussio ns, Question s and	Lectures, Discussio ns, Questions and	<ol> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> </ol>	1998. Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP.	2%

studied

Answers

2 x 50

2013. Introduction to

Zifatama Publishing.

Communication. Sidoarjo:

2 x 50

Answers

						3. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens
3.	Communication Principles	<ol> <li>State the principles of communication.</li> <li>Explain the principles of communication</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	1. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998. Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP.  2. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing.  3. Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  4. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  5. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens
4.	Communication Components and Model	<ol> <li>Mention the components of communication</li> <li>Understanding the phenomenon of</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A	1. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998. 2% Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP.

		communication by using communication models	been studied	2 x 50	2 x 50	<ol> <li>Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications.</li> <li>Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens</li> </ol>
5.	Communication Core Perception	<ol> <li>Explain the process of perception</li> <li>Mention the factors that influence perception</li> <li>Explain the rationale for errors and perceptual failures</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.         Introduction to         Communication. Surabaya:         Unipress IKIP.     </li> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013.         Introduction to         Communication. Sidoarjo:         Zifatama Publishing.     </li> <li>Mulyana, Dedi. 2001.</li> <li>Communication Studies: An</li> <li>Introduction. Bandung: PT.</li> <li>Rosdakarya Teens</li> </ol>
6.	Verbal Communication	<ol> <li>Explain the use of language and meaning in communication</li> <li>State the principles of using symbols</li> <li>Applying guidelines for effective verbal communication</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Surabaya:</li> <li>Unipress IKIP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Sidoarjo:</li> <li>Zifatama Publishing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Berger, Charles R.; Steven         <ul> <li>H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand</li> <li>Book of Communication</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

7.	Non-verbal Communication	1. Evaloin the principles of	Oral test of	Drosontat	Presentat	Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  4. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens  1. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.  4%
		<ol> <li>Explain the principles of non-verbal communication</li> <li>State the types of non-verbal communication</li> </ol>	the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP.  2. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing.  3. Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  4. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  5. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens
8.	Listening	1. Explain the stages of the listening process	Oral test of the	Presentat ion,	Presentat ion,	1. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998. 4% Introduction to

	<ol> <li>Explain barriers to effective listening</li> <li>Mention ineffective forms of listening</li> </ol>	material that has been studied and written test	Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP.  2. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing.  3. Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  4. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information. New Delhi: Sage Publications.  5. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens
9. Communicator (Communication Source)	Explain the factors that make up effective communicators	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Surabaya:</li> <li>Unipress IKIP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Sidoarjo:</li> <li>Zifatama Publishing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Berger, Charles R.; Steven         <ul> <li>H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand</li> </ul> </li> </ol>

					Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications. 4. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens
10. Communication Barriers and Evasions	Explain about communication barriers Explain about communication evasion	the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Surabaya:</li> <li>Unipress IKIP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013.         <ul> <li>Introduction to</li> <li>Communication. Sidoarjo:</li> <li>Zifatama Publishing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996.         <ul> <li>Psychology of</li> <li>Communication. Bandung:</li> <li>Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L.</li> <li>David. 1991.</li> <li>Communication Information.</li> <li>New Delhi: Sage</li> <li>Publications.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mulyana, Dedi. 2001.</li> <li>Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT.</li> <li>Rosdakarya Teens</li> </ol>
11. Adapting to Audiences Verbally and Visually	<ol> <li>Implement audience interest management</li> <li>Applying the design of communication messages to the degree of</li> </ol>	the material that has	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998. 4%         Introduction to         Communication. Surabaya:         Unipress IKIP.     </li> <li>Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013.</li> <li>Introduction to</li> </ol>

	understanding of the audience  3. Applying visual design to the audience				4.	Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Wimmer, Rogers D. & Dominik, Joseph R. 1987. Mass Media Research. California: Wadworth Publishing Company. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens	
12. Rhetoric	<ol> <li>Explaining rhetoric as an extension of everyday conversation</li> <li>Applying the process of planning a rhetoric</li> <li>Explaining challenges in rhetoric</li> </ol>	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	2.	Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Wimmer, Rogers D. & Dominik, Joseph R. 1987. Mass Media Research. California: Wadworth Publishing Company. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens	4%

13. Communication Context	Mention the context of communication Explain the different contexts of communication	Oral test of the material that has been studied	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50		Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Wimmer, Rogers D. & Dominik, Joseph R. 1987. Mass Media Research. California: Wadworth Publishing Company. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens	4%
14. New Communication Technology Development	Explain the convergence of communication technology Explain the implications of technological convergence in communications	Oral test of the material that has been studied and make reports related to the latest developme nts in communic ation technology	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	Presentat ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ol>	Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998. Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information.	8%

15. New Communication Technology	Explain the convergence of	Oral test of	Presentat	Presentat	<ul><li>5.</li><li>6.</li><li>1.</li></ul>	New Delhi: Sage Publications. Wimmer, Rogers D. & Dominik, Joseph R. 1987. Mass Media Research. California: Wadworth Publishing Company. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 1998.	8%
Development	communication technology Explain the implications of technological convergence in communications	the material that has been studied and make reports related to the latest developme nts in communic ation technology	ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	ion, Discussio n, Q&A 2 x 50	<ol> <li>3.</li> <li>4.</li> </ol>	Introduction to Communication. Surabaya: Unipress IKIP. Arthana, I Ketut Pegig. 2013. Introduction to Communication. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Publishing. Berger, Charles R.; Steven H., E; chaffee. 1987. Hand Book of Communication Science. New Delhi: Sage Publications. Rahmat, Jalaludin, 1996. Psychology of Communication. Bandung: Rosda Karya. Ritchie, L. David. 1991. Communication Information. New Delhi: Sage Publications.	

						<ul> <li>5. Wimmer, Rogers D. &amp; Dominik, Joseph R. 1987. Mass Media Research. California: Wadworth Publishing Company.</li> <li>6. Mulyana, Dedi. 2001. Communication Studies: An Introduction. Bandung: PT. Rosdakarya Teens</li> </ul>	
16.	Final exams	Working on UAS	Written test	Written test 90 minutes	Written test 90 minutes	Sub-CPMK1-15 Materi Material	40%

#### **Notes:**

- 1. **Learning Outcomes of Graduates of Study Program (CPL-PRODI)** is the ability possessed by every graduate of the study program which is the internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills in accordance with the level of study program obtained through the learning process.
- 2. **CPL charged to the course**are some of the learning outcomes of study program graduates (CPL-PRODI) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
- 3. **CP Course (CPMK)**is the ability that is described specifically from the CPL that is charged to the course, and is specific to the study material or learning material for the course.
- 4. **Sub-CP Course** (**Sub-CPMK**)is the ability that is described specifically from the CPMK that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each stage of learning, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
- 5. **Rating indicators**ability in the process and student learning outcomes is a specific and measurable statement that identifies the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
- 6. **Rating Criteria**is a benchmark that is used as a measure or benchmark for learning achievement in an assessment based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for raters so that the assessment is consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be either quantitative or qualitative.
- 7. **Assessment technique:**test and non-test.
- 8. **Learning form:**Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
- 9. **Learning methods:**Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
- 10. **Learning materials** are details or descriptions of the study material that can be presented in the form of several main points and sub-topics.
- 11. **Rating weight**is the percentage of assessment of each achievement of the sub-CPMK which is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving the sub-CPMK, and the total is 100%.

12. **PB**= Learning Process,**PT**=Structured Assignments,**KM**= Independent Activities.

### 7. Portfolio of Student CPL Achievement Assessment & Evaluation

Mg	CPL	CPMK (CLO)	Sub-CPMK (LLO)	Indicator	Question Form - Weight(%)*)	Weig ht (%) Sub- CPM K	Mhs valu e (0- 100)	Σ((Mh s Grade) X (Weig ht%)*)	Achiev ement of CPL at the Constitution al Court (%)
1	CPL-P	CPMK-P	Sub- CPMK1	<ol> <li>Able to express misunderstanding about communication</li> <li>Be able to mention and give examples of the importance of communication</li> <li>Able to explain the role of communication in Educational Technology</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Mention some misunderstanding of communication!</li> <li>Explain the importance of communication!</li> <li>Explain the role of communication in educational technology!</li> </ol>	2%			
2	CPL-P	СРМК-Р	Sub- CPMK2	Able to distinguish the definition of communication based on the conceptualization of communication	1. Explain the definition of communication based on the conceptualization of communication!	2%			
3	CPL-P	СРМК-Р	Sub- CPMK3	<ol> <li>State the principles of communication.</li> <li>Explain the principles of communication</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>State the principles of communication!</li> <li>Explain the principles of communication!</li> </ol>	2%			

4	CPL-P	CPMK-P	Sub- CPMK4		Mention the components of communication Understanding the phenomenon of communication by using communication models	2.	Mention the components in communication! Explain communication models!	2%	2%		
5	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK5	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	Explain the process of perception Mention the factors that influence perception Explain the rationale for errors and perceptual failures	<ol> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	the perception process! Mention the factors that influence perception!	4%	4%		
6	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK6	2.	Explain the use of language and meaning in communication State the principles of using symbols Applying guidelines for effective verbal communication		•	4%	4%		
7	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK7	1.	Explain the principles of non-verbal communication	1.	Explain the principles of non-	4%	4%		

				State the types of non- verbal communication	verbal communication! 2. Mention the types of non-verbal communication!				
8		1		d-Semester Evaluation (ETS)		4%	4%		
9	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK9	Explain the factors that make up effective communicators	Explain the factors forming an effective communicator!	4%	4%		
10	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK10	<ol> <li>Explain about communication barriers</li> <li>Explain about communication evasion</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Explain about communication barriers!</li> <li>Explain about evasion in communication!</li> </ol>	4%	4%		
11	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK11	<ol> <li>Implement audience interest management</li> <li>Applying the design of communication messages to the degree of understanding of the audience</li> <li>Applying visual design to the audience</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>How to apply the management of audience interest in communication?</li> <li>How is the design of communication messages on the degree of public understanding?</li> <li>How does visual design affect society?</li> </ol>	4%	4%		
12	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK12	Explaining rhetoric as     an extension of     everyday conversation	Explain rhetoric as     an extension of     everyday     conversation!	4%	4%		

16			End	of Semester Evaluation (EAS)	Total weight (%)	<b>40%</b> 100	<b>40%</b> 100		
15	CPL- KK	CPMK- KK	Sub- CPMK15	<ol> <li>Explain the convergence of communication technology</li> <li>Explain the implications of technological convergence in communications</li> </ol>	Write a report on the convergence of communication technology!	8%	8%		
14	CPL- KK	CPMK- KK	Sub- CPMK14	<ol> <li>Explain the convergence of communication technology</li> <li>Explain the implications of technological convergence in communications</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Explain the convergence of communication technology!</li> <li>Explain the implications of technological convergence in communication!</li> </ol>	8%	8%		
13	CPL- KU	CPMK- KU	Sub- CPMK13	<ol> <li>Explaining challenges in rhetoric</li> <li>Mention the context of communication</li> <li>Explain the different communication contexts</li> </ol>	process? 3. Explain the challenges in rhetoric! 1. Mention context in communication! 2. Explain the difference in context in communication!	4%	4%		
				Applying the process of planning a rhetoric	What is the rhetorical planning				

Student's final grade ( $\sum(N)$	Mhs Grade) X (Weig	rht%))
-----------------------------------	--------------------	--------

Notes: CLO = Courses Learning Outcomes, LLC = Lesson Learning Outcomes